

1. Background information on the LMRCC

- 2. Ecosystem Change
- 3. Targeting Wetland Restoration using GIS

Nonprofit organization comprised of 11 state agencies

MISSOURI

LOUISIANA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

















MISSISSIPPI



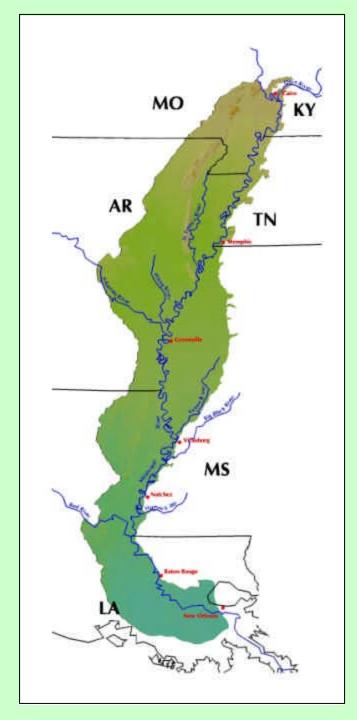


KENTUCKY



Mission

Promote sustainable use of the natural resources of the Lower Mississippi River through cooperative efforts involving planning, management, information sharing, public education, advocacy and research



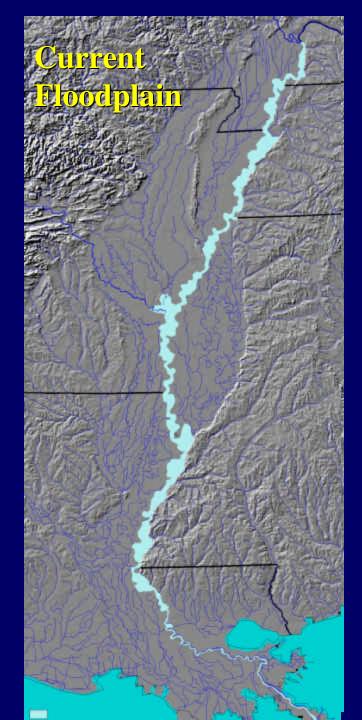
MISSISSIPPI ALLUVIAL VALLEY

22 million acres straddling the Lower Mississippi River.

The Lower Mississippi River flows 954 river miles from its beginning at the confluence with the Ohio River to the Gulf of Mexico

Habitat for 91 freshwater fish species

40% of N.A. waterfowl and 60% of all avian species in the U.S migrate through the Valley



Levees

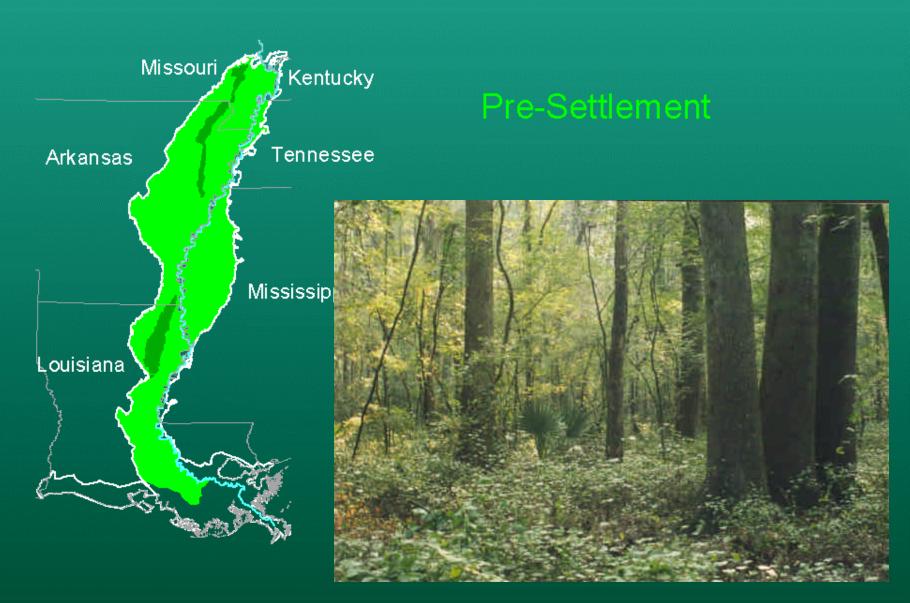


Bank Stabilization



Channelization



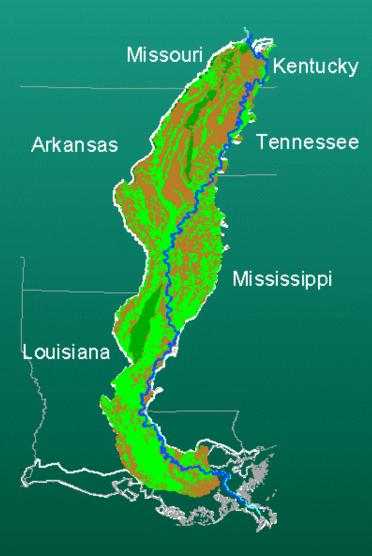




Pre-Settlement

1900's



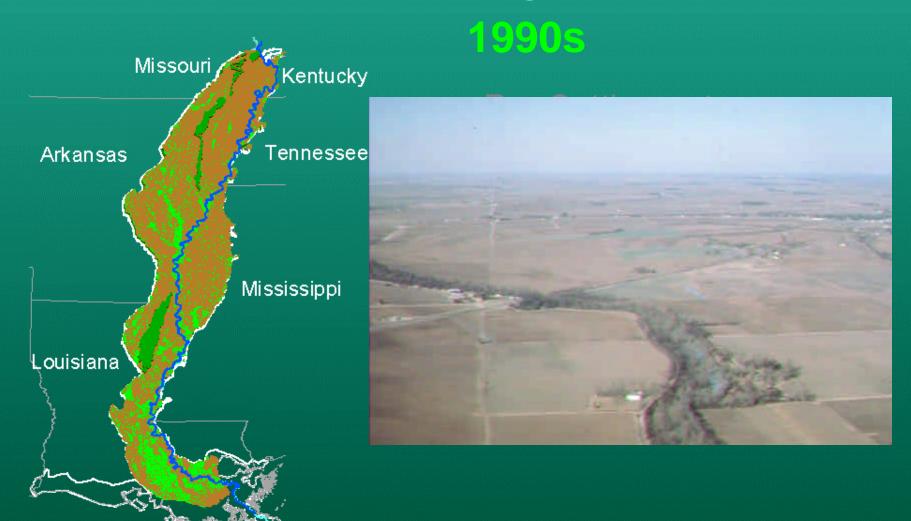


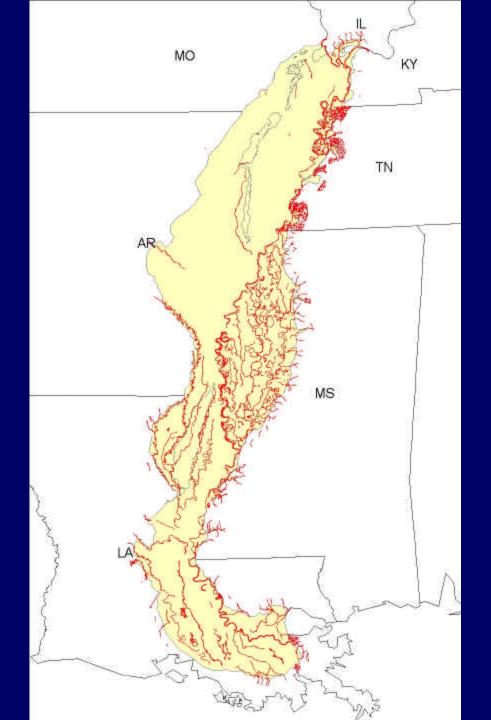
Pre-Settlement

1900's

1950's

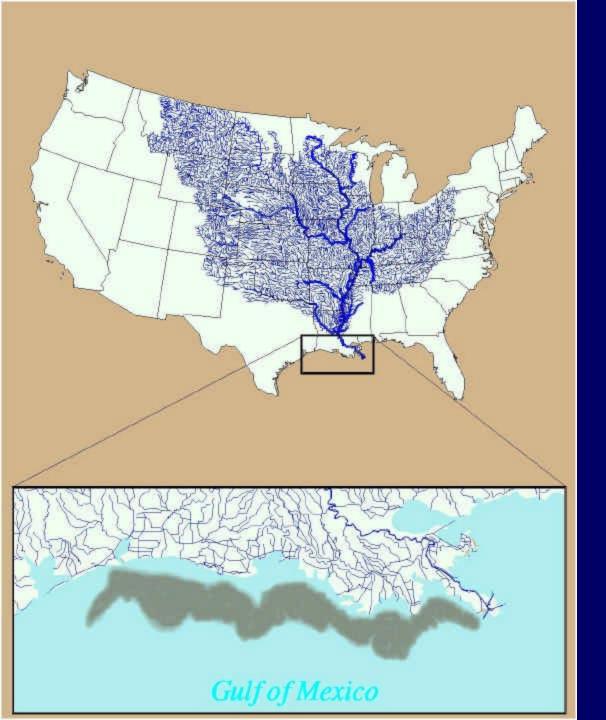






Impaired Waters

1998 303(d)
Impaired/Polluted
Waters



Hypoxic Zone

Each summer several thousand square miles of the Gulf of Mexico become depleted of oxygen

Lower Mississippi River Aquatic Resource Management Plan

GOALS:

- Restore Aquatic Habitat and Biological Resources
- Improve Water Quality
- Form Strategic Partnerships
- Increase Public Awareness
- Promote a Sustainable Economy

OBJECTIVE: Reforest 130,000 acres of cleared wetlands

WHERE?

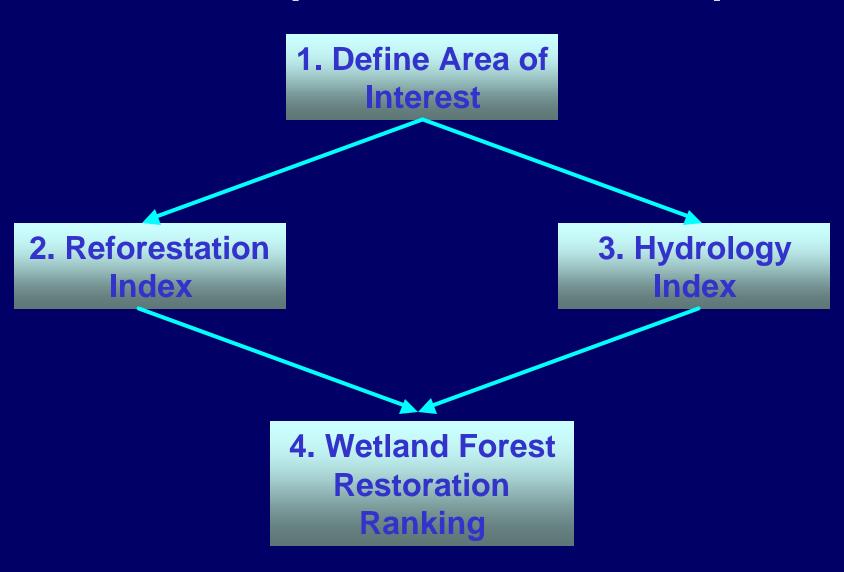
Geographic Information System

Site Analysis

Prioritize areas across the entire landscape based on:

- 1. Ability to support a wetland forest
- 2. Probability of delivering water quality benefits

Model Components/Process Steps

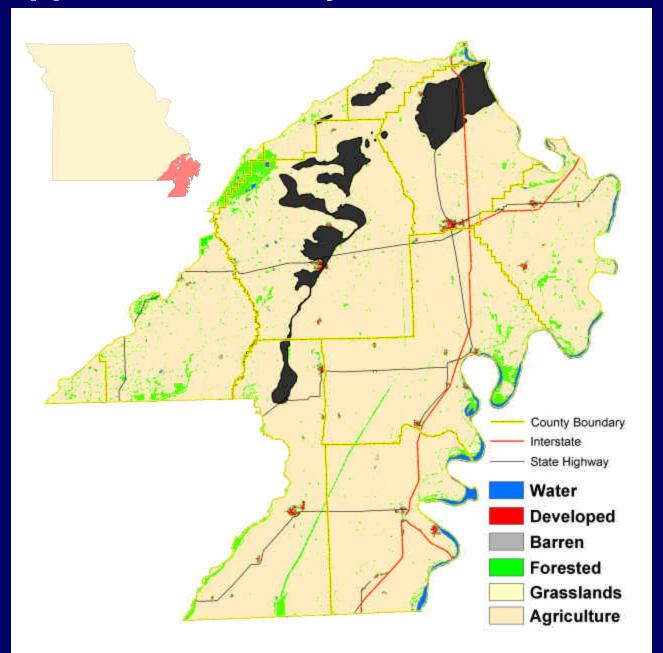


Mississippi Alluvial Valley: Missouri

2.5 million acres

Mostly Agriculture

Net loss of 300,000 acres of forest since 1950s



Process

Software: ESRI ARCINFO GRID and ArcView Spatial Analyst

Data Sources: USDA STATSGO Soils Database, WRP Conservation Easements, USGS DLG, NLCD Landcover, Ducks Unlimited/U.S. Forest Service: Soil Moisture Index, 1999 Forest Cover, EPA: Impaired Waters, USACE: Geomorphology, Various Sources: Public Lands

SCALE: 1:12000 to 1:250000

1. Define Area of Interest

Analysis confined to private lands not already forested

Areas Excluded:

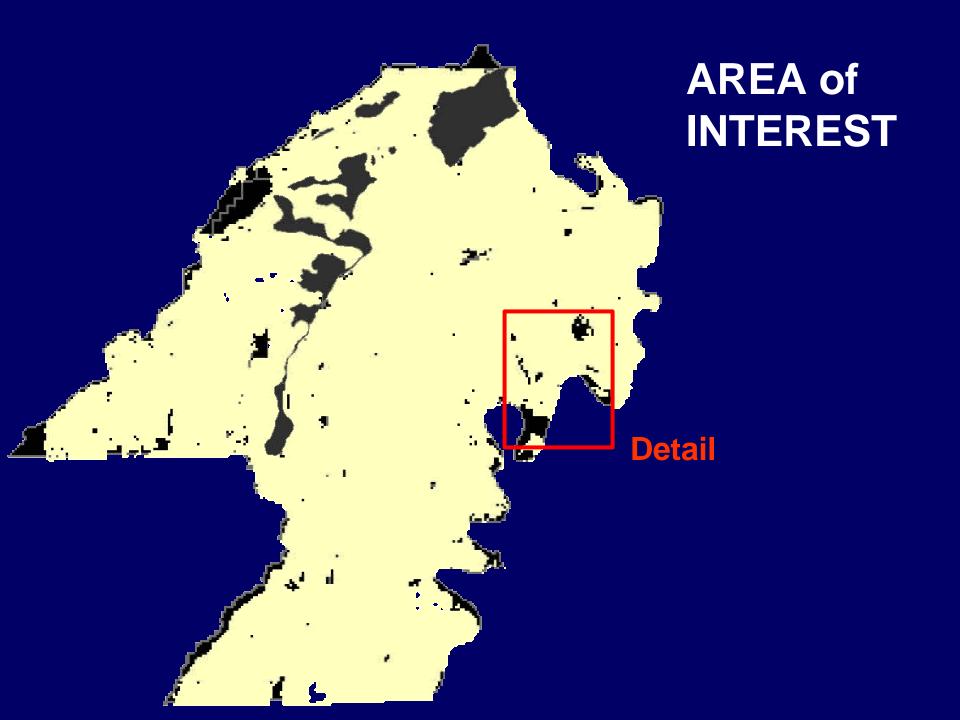
Public Lands

Water surfaces

Developed Areas

Conservation Easements

Forest





AREA of INTEREST

2. Reforestation Index

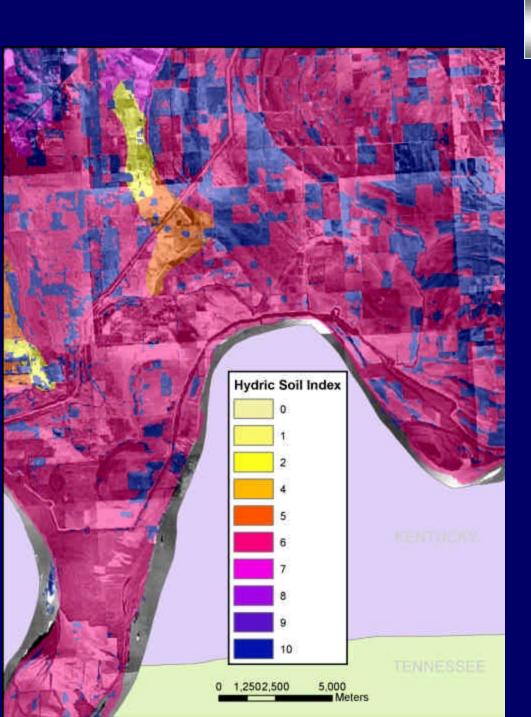
Compile factors that indicate a site's ability to sustain a wetland forest

Components

Soil Moisture

Seed Source

Geomorphology



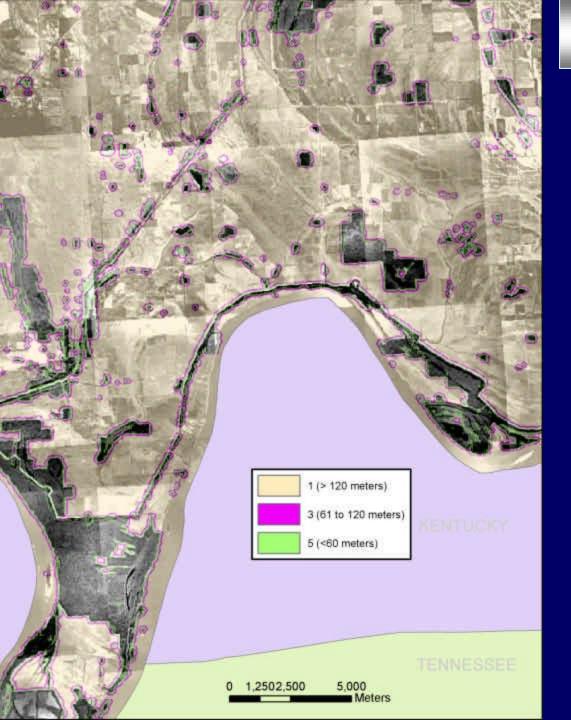
Soil Moisture

Probability of Hydric Soils

Hydric Soils (STATSGO)



Soil Moisture Index (Ducks Unlimited)

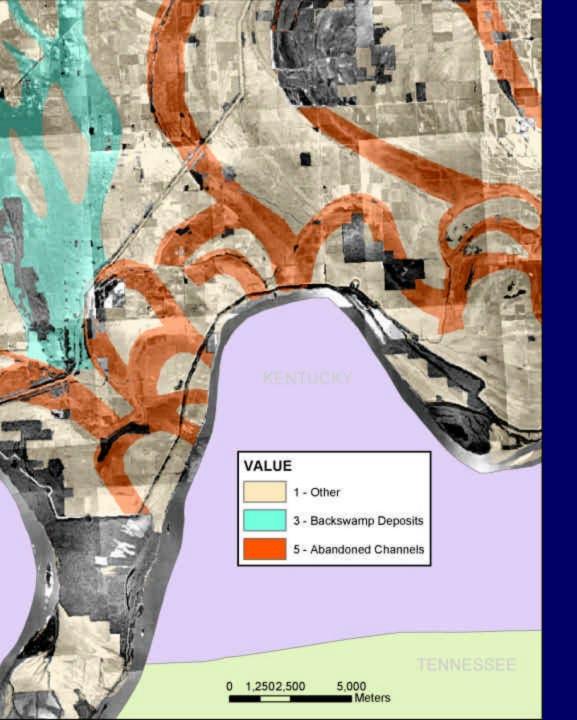


Seed Source

Indicator of biodiversity

Weights:

> 120 meters	1
60 to 120 meters	3
< 60 meters	5



Geomorphology

Landforms suggest frequency and duration of inundation

Value High: 20 Low: 3 5,200 Meters 1,300 2,600

2. Reforestation Index

3. Hydrology Index

Identify areas on the landscape that will likely trap sediment, reduce nutrient and pesticide runoff

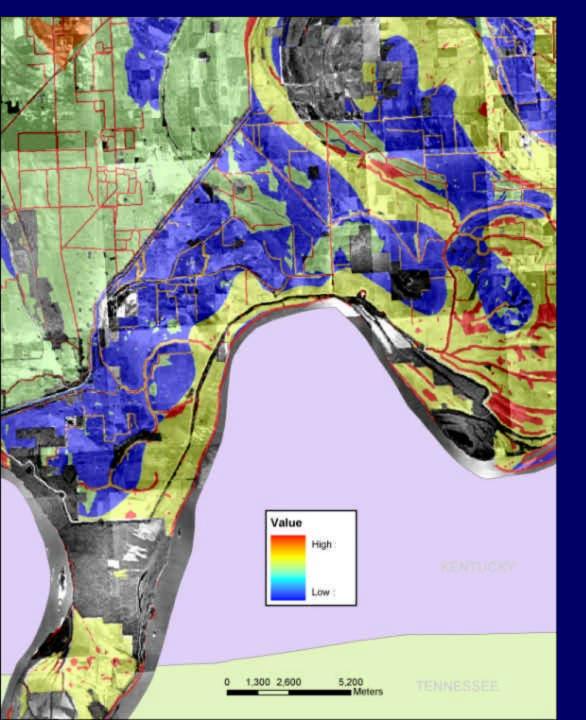
Proximity to Watercourses

Flooding Frequency

Flooding Duration

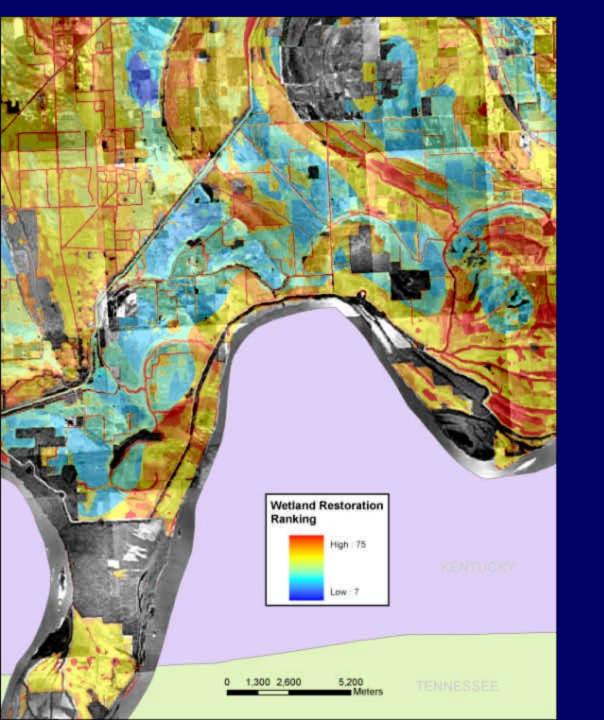
Proximity to Impaired Waters

Topographical Depressions



3. Hydrology Index

Reforestation **Hydrology** Index Index **Wetland Forest** Restoration Ranking



Restoration Priority County Boundary Major Rivers Interstate Highway U.S. Highway evee Lakes

SUMMARY

What it is...

Landscape level
planning tool to
support decision
makingpecific
Planning Tool

A method to estimate potential water quality benefits